

User Manual

Electric Heating Element

MOA IR

EN

CS

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User Manual

Our products have been designed and manufactured in such a way to ensure that all quality, functionality and aesthetic requirements are met. We would like to congratulate you on the purchase of this great product and wish you a pleasant experience with it.

Electric radiator

Guide to safe installation and use.

1. Do not install the heater under an electrical socket point.
2. Your electric heater should be filled with a carefully measured amount of liquid. In the case of loss of heating medium, or in any other case which demands its supplementation, contact your supplier.
3. The device is not equipped with an external temperature controller *).

Do not use the device in a small room if unsupervised disabled or incapacitated individuals are inside it. Only use the device if those individuals are under constant supervision.

*) Does not apply to selected models. Ask your supplier for details.

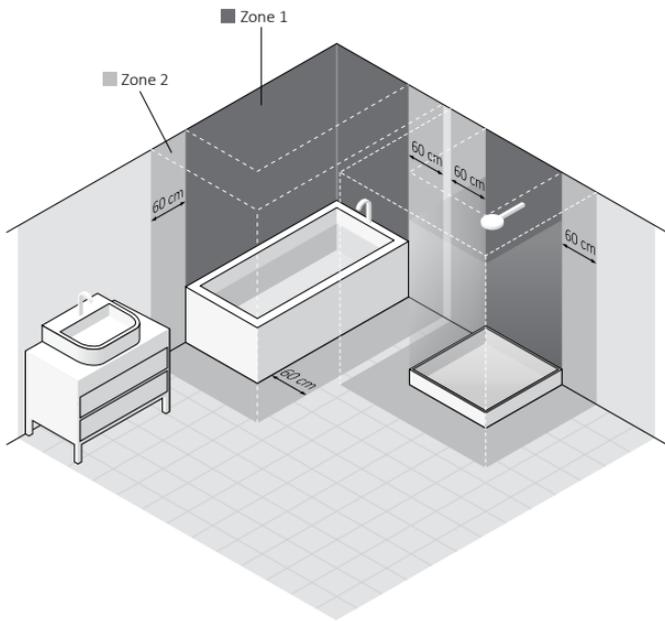
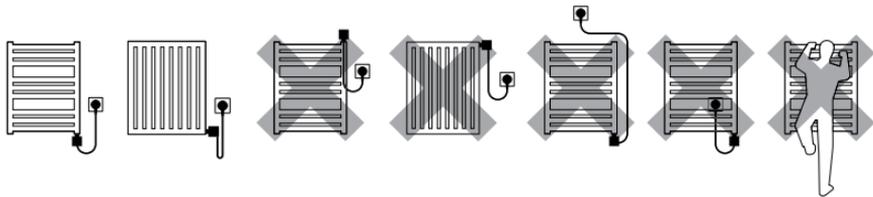
4. Electric heater is not a toy. Children under the age of 3 should not be allowed within close proximity of the device without the supervision of an adult.

Children aged 3 to 8 should only be allowed to operate the heater when it has been properly installed and connected. The child must be under adult supervision or have been trained to safely operate the device while understanding the risks.

5. Note: Some parts of the radiator can be very hot and can cause burns. Pay special attention to the presence of children or people with disabilities.
6. If the device is used as a clothes and towel dryer, ensure that the fabrics drying on it have only been washed in water, avoiding contact with any harsh chemicals.
7. To ensure the safety of very small children, install the electric dryer so that the lowest tube is at least 600 mm above the floor.
8. The device should only be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with the applicable regulations regarding safety and all other regulations.
9. All installations to which the device is connected should comply with regulations applicable in the country of installation and use.
10. Extension leads or electric plug adapters should not be used in order to supply power to the heater.

11. While connecting the radiator to electric installation ensure that the circuit has a 30 mA residual-current circuit breaker and an appropriate over-current circuit breaker. With the permanent installation (cable connection without plug) it is also mandatory to provide an omnipolar cut-off switch with a minimum contact opening of 3 mm for disconnecting the device on all poles.
12. The device version labelled PB can be installed in bathrooms in zone 1, as defined by applicable law, subject to any additional regulations concerning electrical installations in wet areas.

Other versions of the device can be installed in Zone 2 or beyond.
13. The device is recommended for use solely as described in the manual.
14. Ensure that the heater has been installed on a wall in accordance with its installation manual.
15. Please forward this instruction manual to the end user.



Electric Heating Element

Safety requirements — installation

1. Fitting and connection of the heating element should only be performed by a qualified installer.
2. Connect the unit to a sound electrical installation (see the ratings on the heater).
3. Switching on the heating element in the open air to test the device is permitted for a maximum of 3 seconds.
4. Never test a heating element that is already installed. Do not turn the heating element on in an empty radiator!
5. Ensure that the power cord does not touch the hot parts of the heating element or radiator.
6. Before installing or removing the device, make sure it is disconnected from the power source.
7. Do not open the device — any interference with internal components will invalidate the warranty.
8. The heating element's power output must not exceed the radiator's power output for the parameters 75/65/20°C.

9. The pressure in the radiator should not exceed 10 atm. Ensure that an air cushion is preserved in electric radiators. In central heating systems, leave one valve open to prevent pressure build up due to the thermal expansion of the liquid.
10. The device is intended for home use only.
11. Fitting and Installation of the device must be carried out in accordance with all local regulations for electrical safety, including installation within permissible locations only. Observe bathroom electrical zone regulations.

Safety requirements — use

1. The heating element must be fully submerged in the heating liquid during its operation.
2. Regularly check the device for damage to ensure it is safe to use.
3. If the power cord is damaged the device should not be used. Unplug the device and contact the manufacturer or distributor.
4. Do not allow flooding into the heating element casing.
5. Do not use the heating element in heating systems where the water temperature exceeds 82°C.

6. The heating element and radiator can heat up to high temperatures. Please be cautious — avoid direct contact with the hot parts of the equipment.
7. Do not open the heating element casing.
8. In the central heating system, always make sure that one valve of the radiator remains open.
9. Ensure that minors aged 8 and above or those with a physical or mental disability are supervised if operating the device.
10. The device is not a toy. Keep it out of the reach of children.
11. The device must be disconnected from the mains during cleaning and maintenance.
12. Cleaning of the equipment by children under 8 years of age is only permitted under appropriate supervision.

Intended use of device

The heating element is an electric device intended solely for installation in radiators (standalone or connected to the central heating system).

Heating element power output should be matched with radiator output for parameters of 75/65/20° C

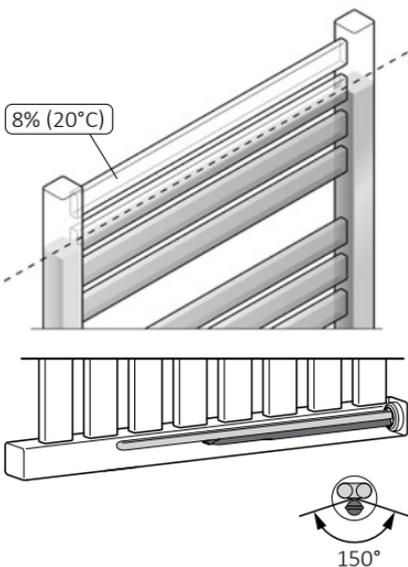
Technical information

Model markings (power cable type):	PB (Straight cable without plug) * PW (Straight cable with plug) SW (Spiral cable with plug)																		
Type of electrical connection:	Y: MEG, MOA, MOA IR, REG 3, DRY Z: REG 2																		
Heat outputs available:	120, 200, 300, 400, 600, 800, 1000, 1200 [W]																		
Power supply:	230 V / 50 Hz																		
Insulation class:	Class I																		
Towel rail connection thread:	G 1/2"																		
Casing protection class [IP]:	IPx4: MEG IPx5: REG 2, REG 3, MOA, MOA IR, DRY																		
Length of heating element:	<table border="1"><tr><td>120</td><td>200</td><td>300</td><td>400</td><td>600</td><td>800</td><td>1000</td><td>1200</td><td>[W]</td></tr><tr><td>315</td><td>275</td><td>300</td><td>335</td><td>365</td><td>475</td><td>565</td><td>660</td><td>[mm]</td></tr></table>	120	200	300	400	600	800	1000	1200	[W]	315	275	300	335	365	475	565	660	[mm]
120	200	300	400	600	800	1000	1200	[W]											
315	275	300	335	365	475	565	660	[mm]											

* Device intended to be connected permanently to the system

Installation or removal

Detailed information demonstrating the different ways of installing or removing a radiator heating element is available from the manufacturer or importer (see footnotes at the end of the manual). Below we list some basic requirements and principles which must be followed to ensure long term, reliable operation of the product.

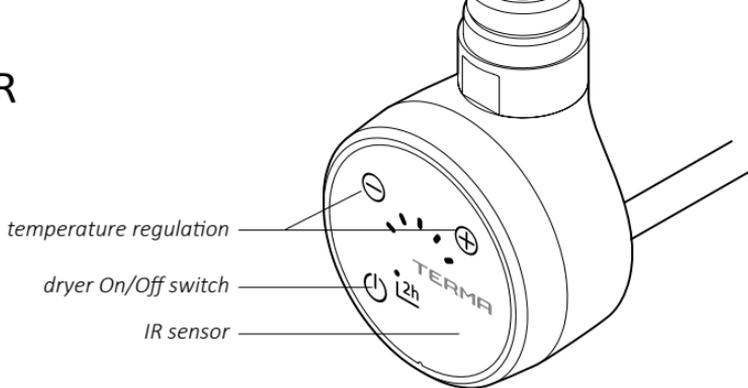


When installing the heating element horizontally, the single tube (capillary) where the temperature sensor is located, should be positioned to be as close to the bottom of the radiator as possible.

Before installation or first use:

1. Read the chapter *Safety requirements —Installation*.
2. Fit the heating element using the correct spanner (size  22).
3. The heating element must be installed at the bottom of the radiator, perpendicular to the radiator pipes, while preserving space for the proper circulation of the heating medium.
4. Use a suitable heating medium for filling the electric radiator, i.e. (water, special products based on water and glycol for use in central heating systems, or oil which complies with the requirements of the manufacturer of the radiator and heating element).
5. Do not switch the heating element on if it is not fully immersed in radiator heating medium.
6. Make sure an adequate air cushion is present to protect against excessive pressure build up within the heater (always leave one of the radiator valves open).
7. When filling the radiator with hot liquid insure that the liquid temperature does not exceed 65° C.

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Turning the device on with the **⏻** button will result in the radiator heating up to the set temperature. After reaching the set temperature the device will turn off and on regularly in order to maintain the set temperature.

The construction of the device as well as the physical characteristics of the heating agent inside the radiator, influence the way in which the heat is distributed — the temperature of the bottom pipes on the radiator (especially the two located at the very bottom of the radiator), may be lower than the temperature of the remaining parts of the radiator — this is a normal phenomenon.

Temperature increase

In order to increase the temperature of the radiator, press **⊕** once or several times as required; the correct number of diodes will start blinking. The last blinking diode indicates the set temperature, whilst the last di-

ode which shines constantly, indicates the current temperature. The remaining diodes will start shining constantly on reaching subsequent temperature levels.

Temperature decrease

In order to decrease the temperature of the radiator, press **⊖** once or several times as required; the correct number of diodes will start blinking. The last diode, which shines continuously, indicates the set temperature whilst the last blinking diode indicates the current temperature. The remaining diodes will start fading on reaching subsequent temperature levels.